



# MACROECONOMETRIC MODELS III

MARKUS SAILER  
German Pension Insurance  
Department for Research and Development  
Berlin; FRG; Baku, RA  
Fall 2015



Gesellschaft für  
Versicherungswissenschaft  
und -gestaltung e.V.



Q & A

# CONTENTS

1. Introduction: History, purpose and types of macro-econometric models
2. Single-equation econometrics – a reminder
3. Multi-equation econometrics: methods and problems
4. Structure of macro-econometric models
5. **Forecasting with macro-econometric models**
6. **Policy simulation with macro-econometric models**
7. **Practical problems: data collection, up-dating, staffing of project team**

# SINGLE-EQUATION ESTIMATION- EXAMPLES

Summary

# A SIMPLE EXAMPLE: NATIONAL ECONOMY

Definition Y: Gross Domestic Product	$Y(t) = C(t) + I(t) + G(t) + X(t) - M(t)$
Consumption function of private households C	$C(t) = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 * Y(t - 1)$
Private Investment function I	$I(t) = \lambda * (Y(t) - Y(t - 1))$
Government spending G	G(t): exogenous
Exports X	X(t): exogenous
Imports M	$M(t) = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 * Y(t)$

# MODIFIED EXAMPLE: NATIONAL ECONOMY (1)

Definition Y: Gross Domestic Product	$Y(t) = C(t) + I(t) + G(t) + X(t) - M(t)$
Consumption function of private households C	$C(t) = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 * Y(t - 1) + \alpha_2 * Dummy + \alpha_3 * Trend$
Private Investment function I	$I(t) = \lambda_1 * r(t) * \lambda_2 * Trend + \lambda_3 * Dummy1 + \lambda_4 * Dummy2$
Imports M	$M(t) = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 * Y(t)$

# A MODIFIED EXAMPLE: NATIONAL ECONOMY (2)

Government spending G	$G(t)$ : exogenous
Exports X	$X(t)$ : exogenous
Interest rate of long term bonds (duration of 9 to 10 years)	$r(r)$ : exogenous

# SUMMARY OF SINGLE EQUATION ESTIMATORS

Theoretical Model	$Y = \beta_1 + \beta_2 * X + u$
Statistical model: Fitted values	$\hat{Y} = b_1 + b_2 X$
OLS Estimator of $b_1$ (Intercept)	$b_1 = \bar{Y} - b_2 \bar{X}$
OLS Estimator of $b_2$ (slope)	$b_2 = \frac{\sum (X_i - \bar{X})(Y_i - \bar{Y})}{\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2}$
Goodness of fit:	$R^2 = \frac{ESS}{TSS} = \frac{\sum (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})^2}{\sum (Y_i - \bar{Y})^2}$

# MODEL SOFTWARE: *gretl*

- **gretl: Gnu Regression, Econometrics and Time-series Library**
- Source in Internet for a free download
- <http://gretl.sourceforge.net/>

# SINGLE EQUATION ESTIMATION

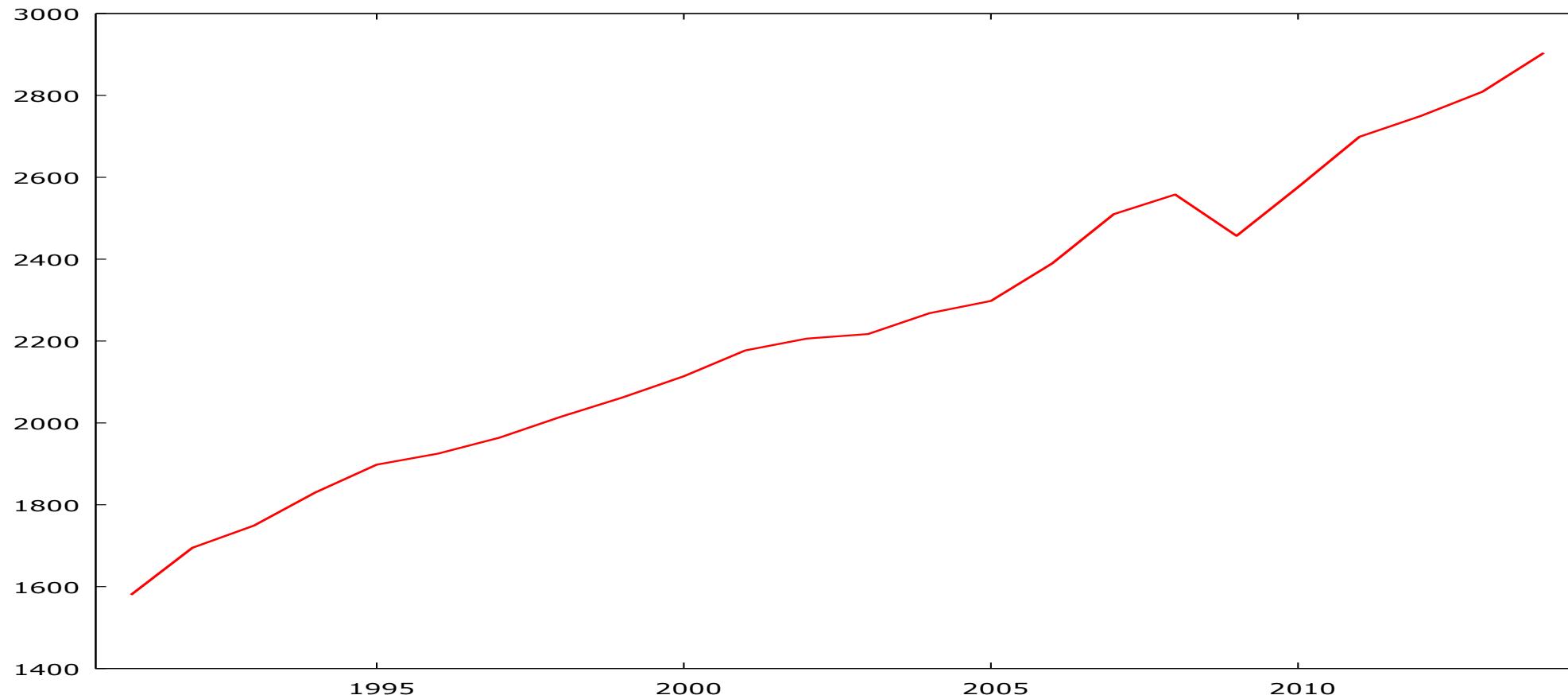
## SECOND EXERCISE

Please note: The dataset underlying the following exercises is in current euro (nominal terms) the Interpretation of the results must not be straightforward.

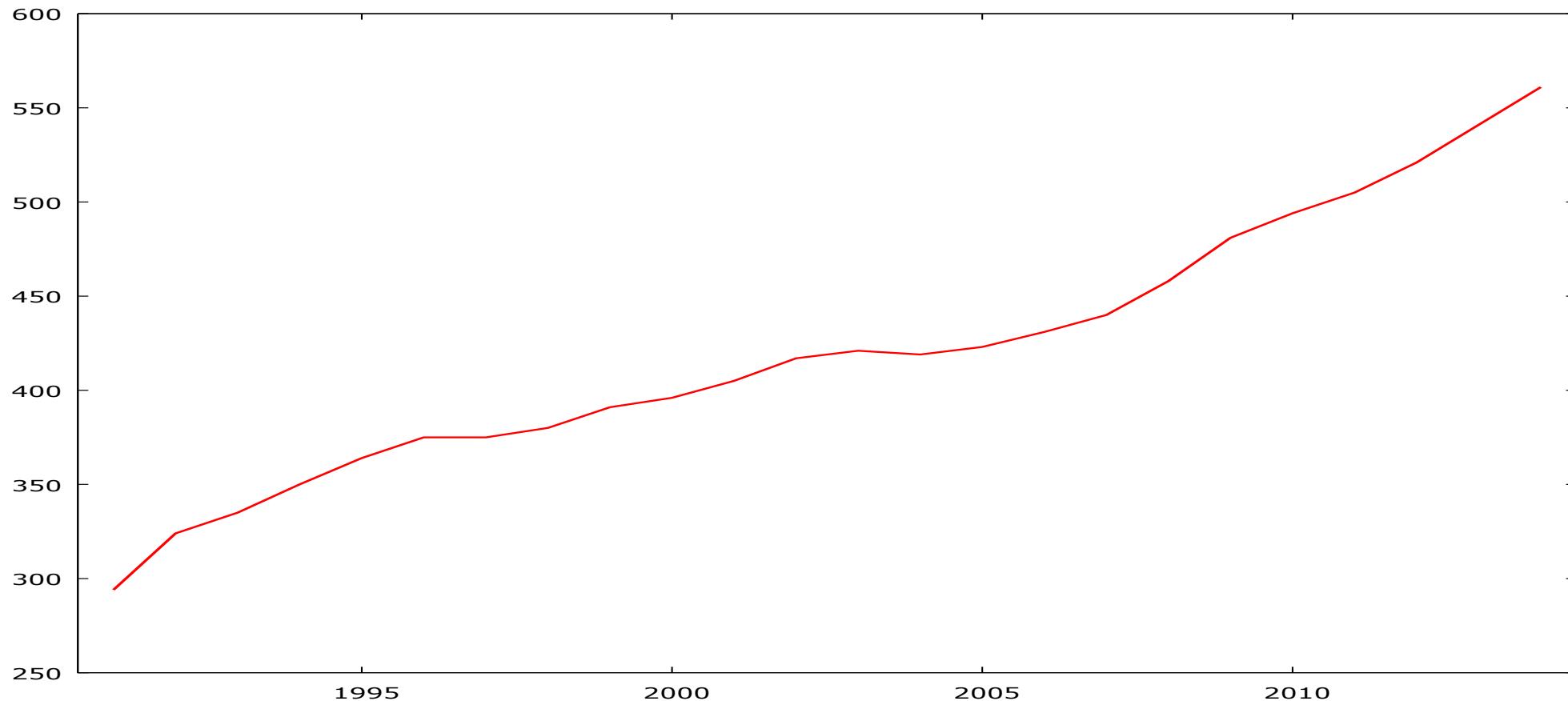
The estimates are made for illustrative reasons only.

# EXOGENOUS VARIABLES

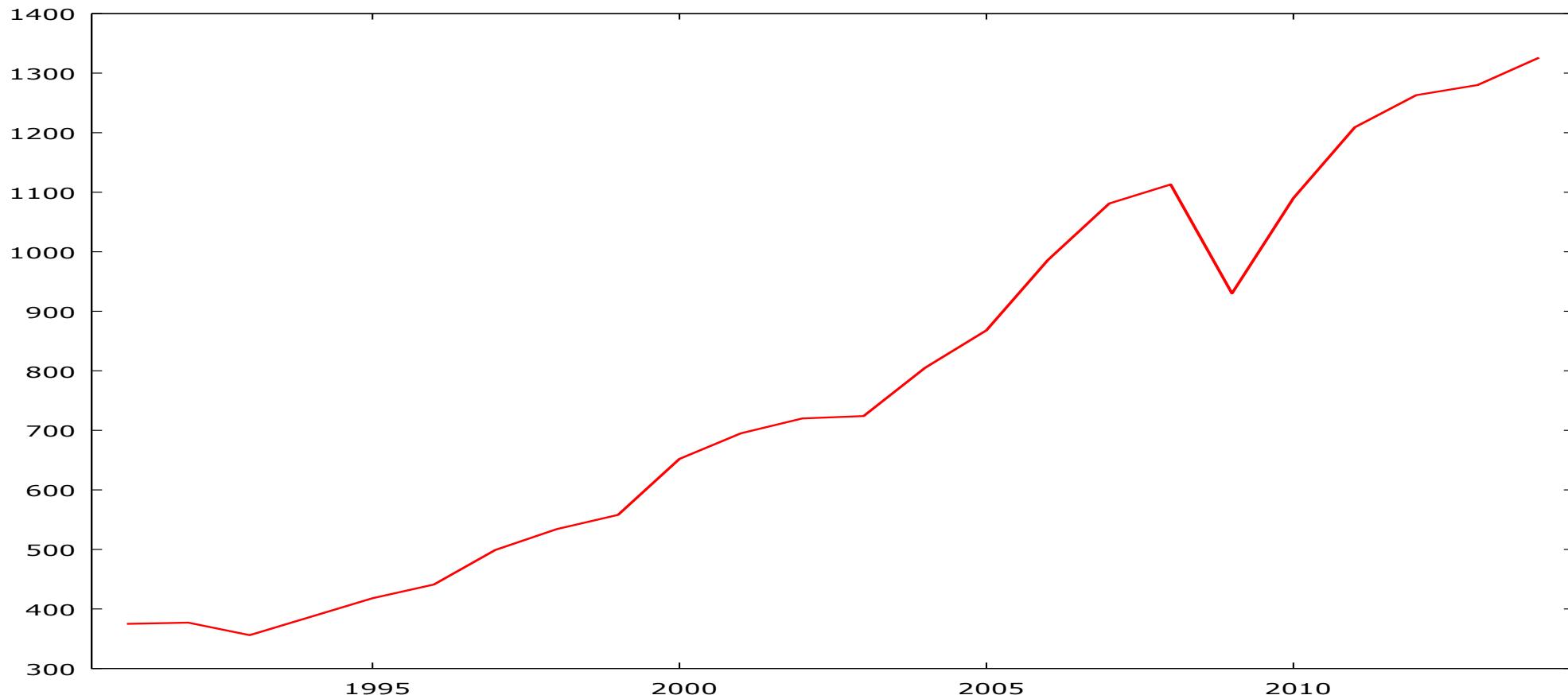
# Gross Domestic Product, Germany, Time Series, in current Euro



# Government Consumption, Germany, Time Series, in current Euro



# Exports, Germany, Time Series, in current Euro

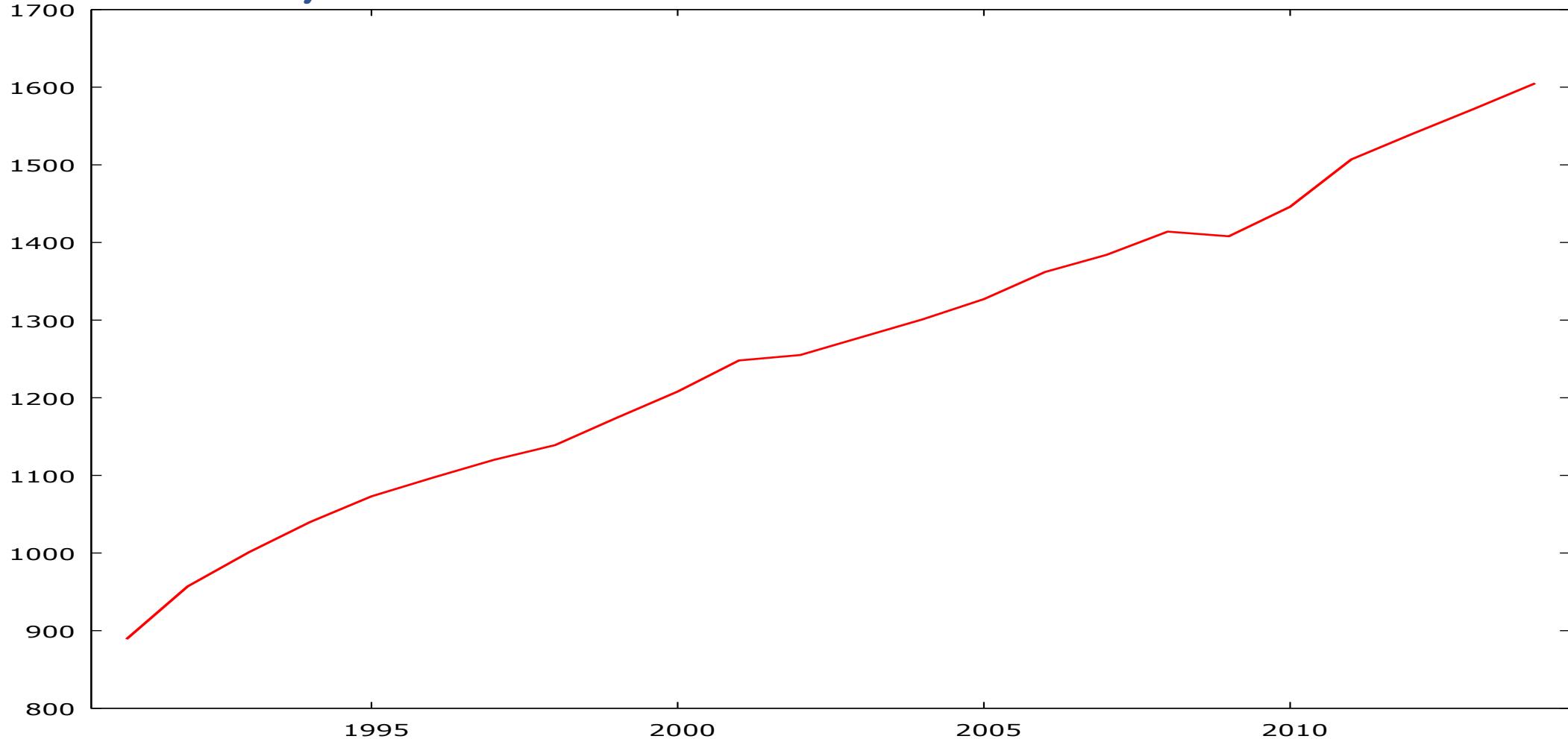


# Long term Interest Rates, Germany, Time Series



# CONSUMPTION FUNCTION

# Consumption, Germany, Time Series, in current Euro

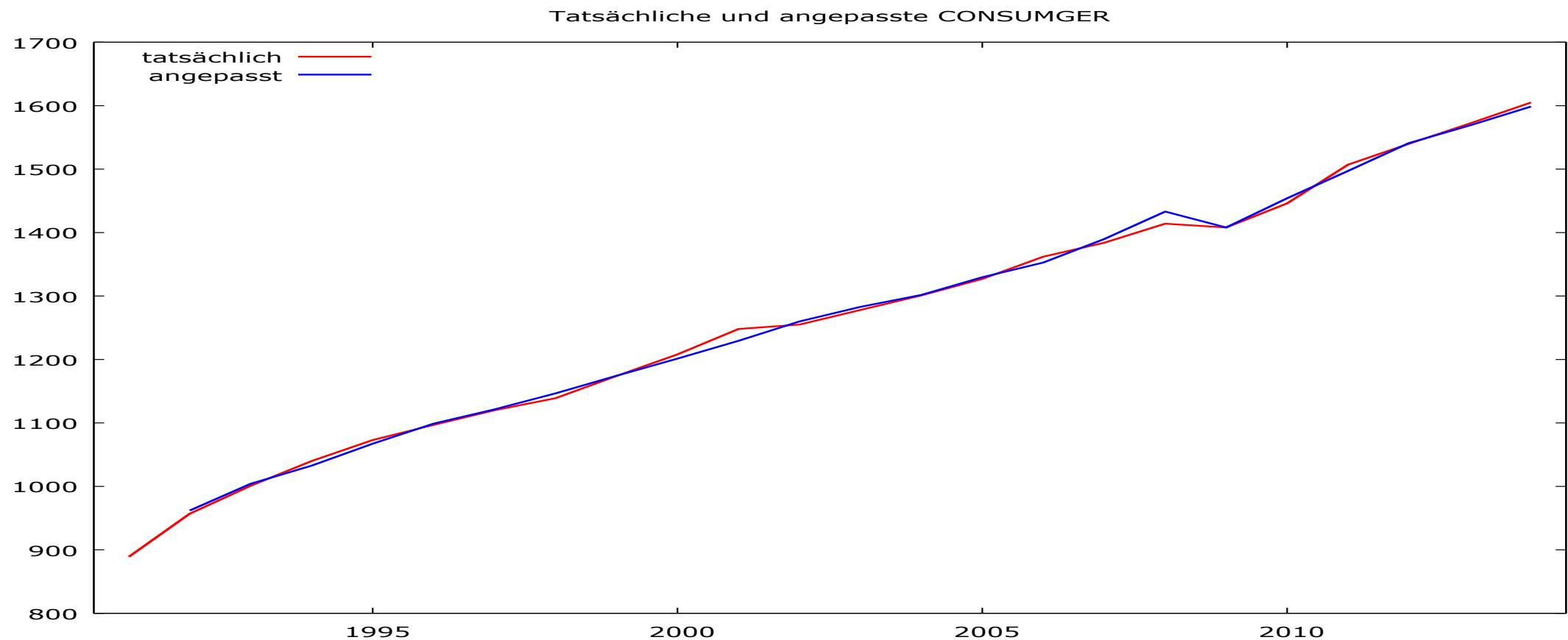


# Consumption Function: Estimation

OLS, Sample 1992-2014 (T = 23)  
Dependent Variable: CONSUMGER

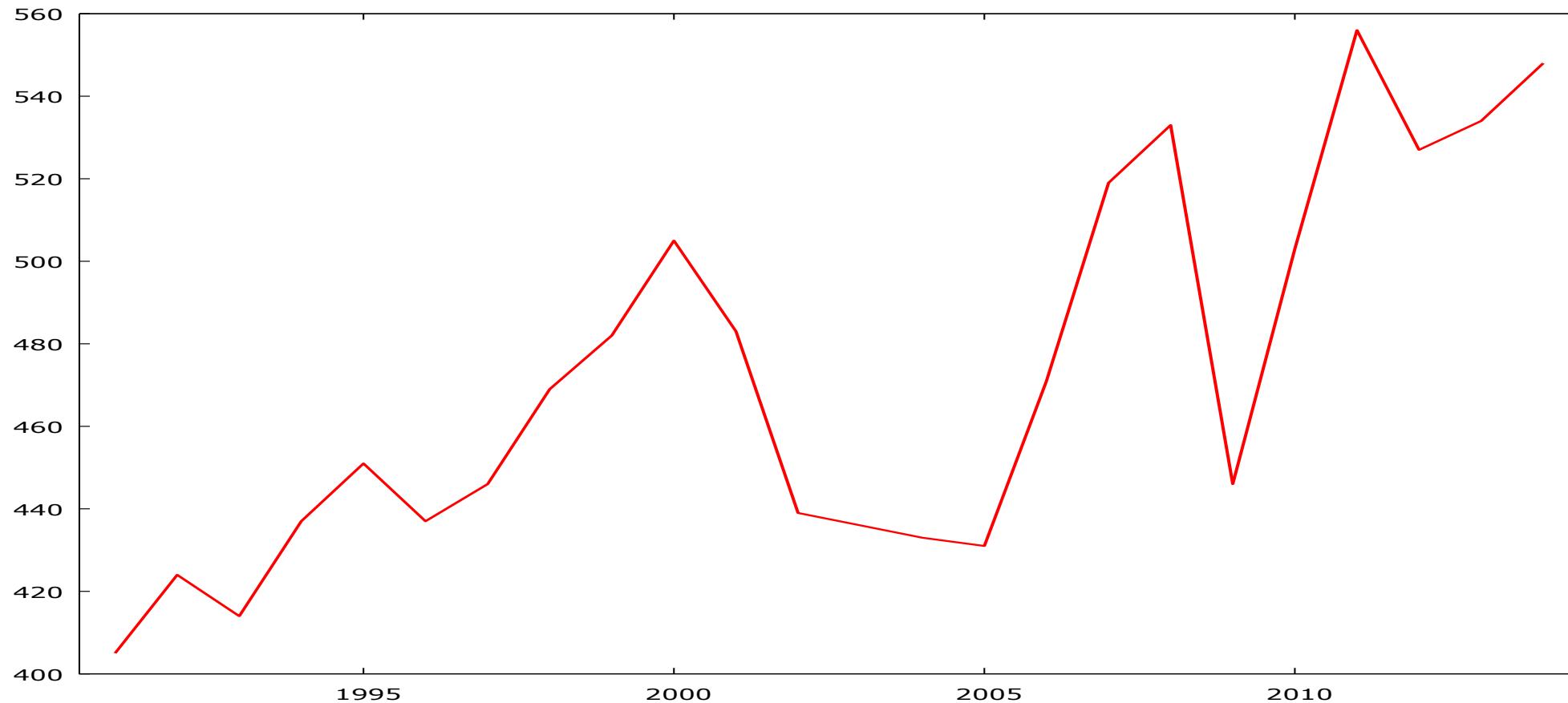
	<i>Koeffizient</i>	<i>Std. Fehler</i>	<i>t-Quotient</i>	<i>p-Wert</i>	
const	575,409	68,5377	8,3955	<0,0001	***
INCOMEGER_1	0,223883	0,0442791	5,0562	<0,0001	***
Dummy2	-52,2652	8,97933	-5,8206	<0,0001	***
time	16,4297	2,25986	7,2702	<0,0001	***
Mittel d. abh. Var.	1280,696	Stdabw. d. abh. Var.	187,2959		
Summe d. quad. Res.	1326,081	Stdfehler d. Regress.	8,354265		
<b>R-Quadrat</b>	0,998282	<b>Korrigiertes R-Quadrat</b>	0,998010		
F(3, 19)	3679,550	P-Wert(F)	1,95e-26		
Log-Likelihood	-79,26221	Akaike-Kriterium	166,5244		
Schwarz-Kriterium	171,0664	Hannan-Quinn-Kriterium	167,6667		
rho	0,044158	Durbin-Watson-Stat	1,864716		

# Goodness of fit: Consumption Function



# INVESTMENT FUNCTION

# Investment, Germany, Time Series, in current Euro

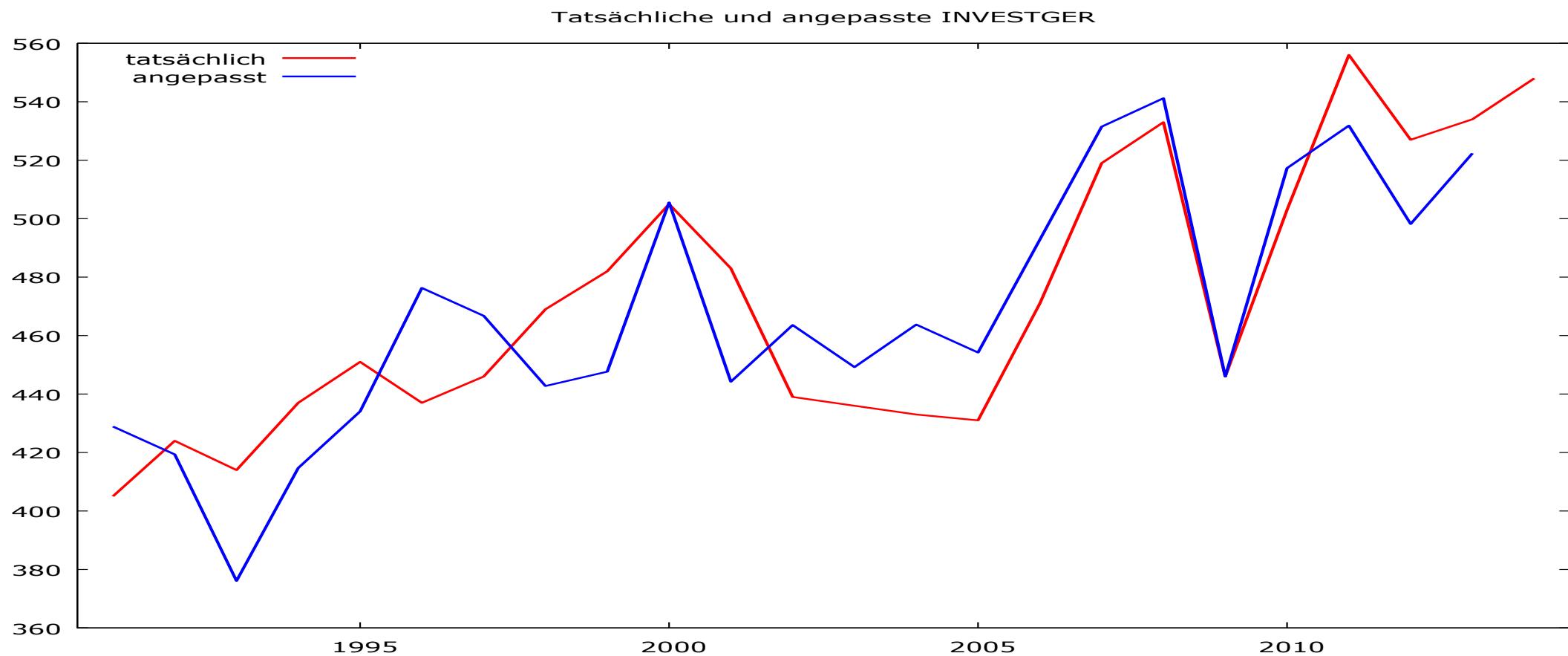


# Investment Function: Estimation

OLS, Sample 1991-2013 (T = 23)  
Dependent Variable: INVESTGER

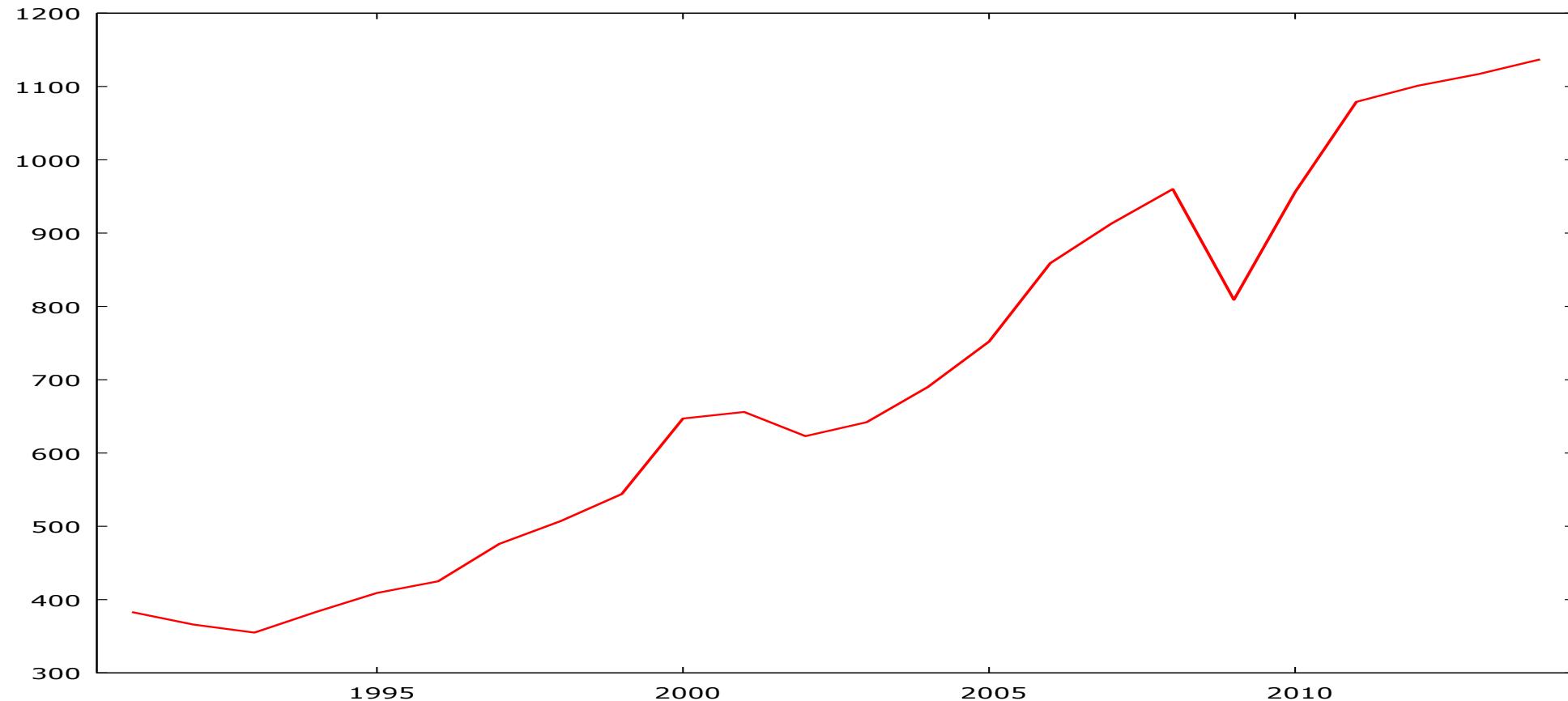
	<i>Koeffizient</i>	<i>Std. Fehler</i>	<i>t-Quotient</i>	<i>p-Wert</i>	
INTERESTLTGER	4818,11	156,085	30,8685	<0,0001	***
time	19,36	0,539764	35,8674	<0,0001	***
Dummydotcom	56,5971	13,4195	4,2175	0,0005	***
Dummy2	-76,0185	27,322	-2,7823	0,0119	**
Mittel d. abh. Var.	468,7391		Stdabw. d. abh. Var.	43,62987	
Summe d. quad. Res.	12880,93		Stdfehler d. Regress.	26,03735	
<b>R-Quadrat</b>	0,997472		<b>Korrigiertes R-Quadrat</b>	0,997073	
F(4, 19)	1874,225		P-Wert(F)	2,22e-24	
Log-Likelihood	-105,4077		Akaike-Kriterium	218,8154	
Schwarz-Kriterium	223,3574		Hannan-Quinn-Kriterium	219,9577	
rho	0,299354		Durbin-Watson-Stat	1,352735	

# Goodness of fit: Investment Function



# IMPORT FUNCTION

# Import, Germany, Time Series, in current Euro

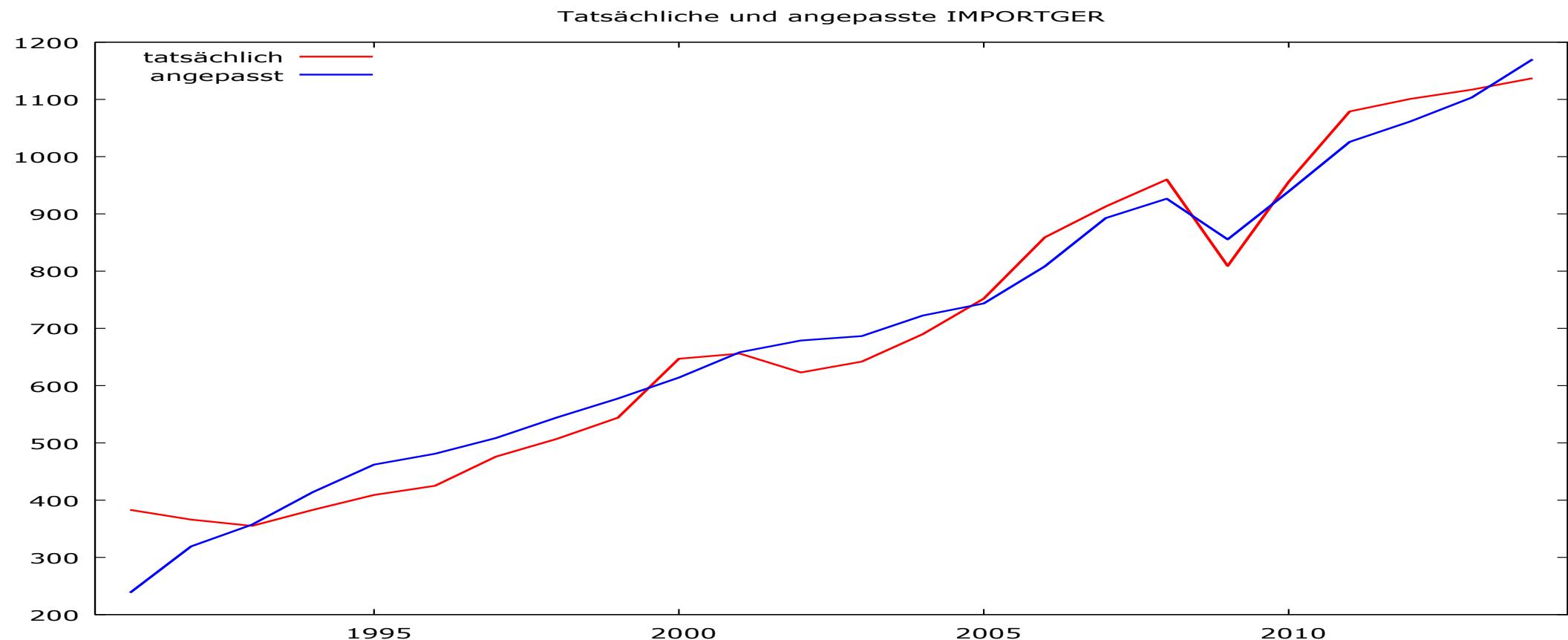


# Import Function: Estimation

OLS, Sample 1991-2014 (T = 24)  
Dependent Variable: IMPORTGER

	<i>Koeffizient</i>	<i>Std. Fehler</i>	<i>t-Quotient</i>	<i>p-Wert</i>	
const	-873,812	62,8878	-13,8948	<0,0001	***
INCOMEGER	0,703817	0,0277715	25,3431	<0,0001	***
Mittel d. abh. Var.	699,5417		Stdabw. d. abh. Var.	264,1994	
Summe d. quad. Res.	53169,92		Stdfehler d. Regress.	49,16111	
<b>R-Quadrat</b>	0,966881		<b>Korrigiertes R-Quadrat</b>	0,965376	
F(1, 22)	642,2751		P-Wert(F)	8,98e-18	
Log-Likelihood	-126,4929		Akaike-Kriterium	256,9857	
Schwarz-Kriterium	259,3418		Hannan-Quinn-Kriterium	257,6108	
rho	0,405860		Durbin-Watson-Stat	0,790171	

# Goodness of fit: Import Function



# MULTI-EQUATION ECONOMETRICS: METHODS AND PROBLEMS

# MODEL ESTIMATION

- Application of “*gretl*” econometric software
- BEHAVIOURAL EQUATIONS
- Consumption function
- Investment function
- Import function
- EXOGENOUS VARIABLES
  - Government consumption
  - Exports
  - Long-term interest rates
  - Dummy-variables
  - Trend
- DEFINITION
  - Gross domestic product

# Model Results I

Equation 1, SUR: Sample1991-2013 (T = 23)

Dependent Variable: **CONSUMGER**

	Koeffizient	Std.-fehler	t-Quotient	p-Wert
INCOMEGER	0,570425	0,00395091	144,4	1,15e-031 ***
Dummy2	23,6940	15,2590	1,553	0,1362
time	-0,877654	0,652575	-1,345	0,1937
Mittel d. abh. Var.	1249,565	Stdabw. d. abh. Var.	190,4203	
Summe d. quad. Res.	5159,851	Stdfehler d. Regress.	14,97803	

# Model Results II

Equation 2: SUR, Sample 1991-2013 (T = 23)

Dependent Variable: **INVESTGER**

	Koeffizient	Std.-fehler	t-Quotient	p-Wert
INTERESTLTGER	4801,39	141,314	33,98	1,77e-018 ***
time	19,3950	0,490464	39,54	1,03e-019 ***
Dummydotcom	57,6794	12,0123	4,802	0,0001 ***
Dummy2	-76,1093	24,8308	-3,065	0,0064 ***
Mittel d. abh. Var.	468,7391		Stdabw. d. abh. Var.	43,62987
Summe d. quad. Res.	12889,83		Stdfehler d. Regress.	23,67334

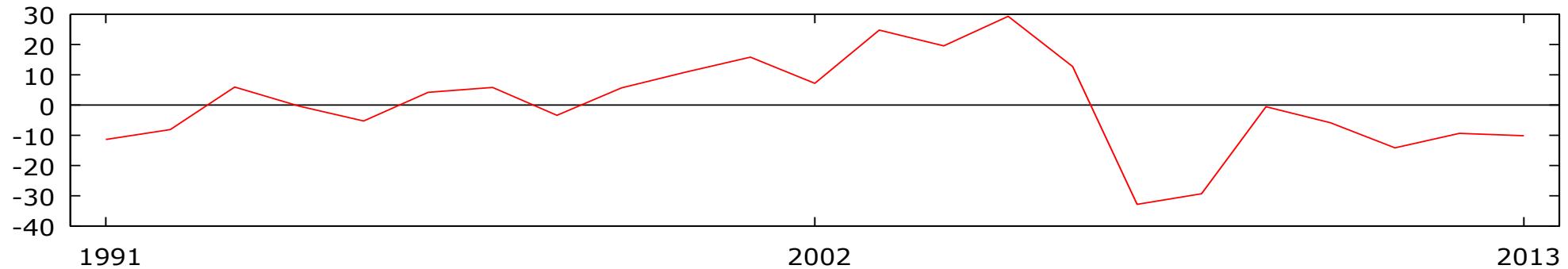
# Model Results III

Equation 3: SUR, Sample 1991-2013 (T = 23)

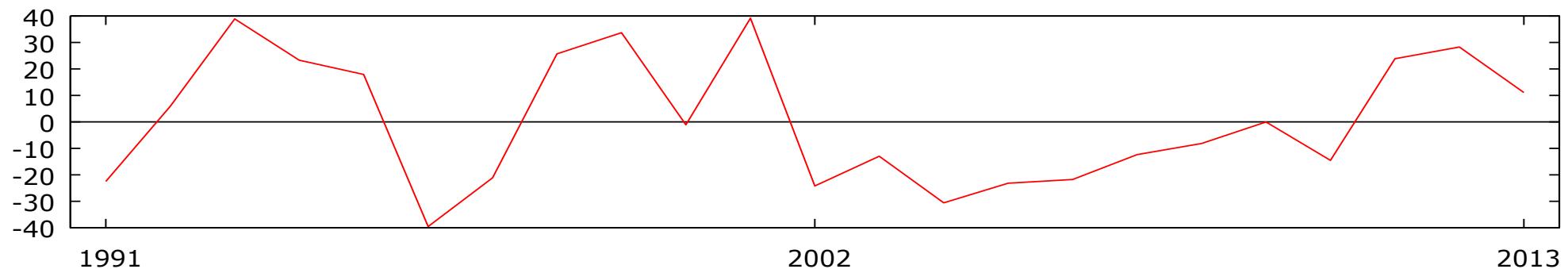
Dependent Variable: **IMPORTGER**

	Koeffizient	Std.-fehler	t-Quotient	p-Wert
INCOMEGER	0,317848	0,0134520	23,63	3,98e-017 ***
Mittel d. abh. Var.	680,5217	Stdabw. d. abh. Var.	252,7791	
Summe d. quad. Res.	477108,4	Stdfehler d. Regress.	144,0272	

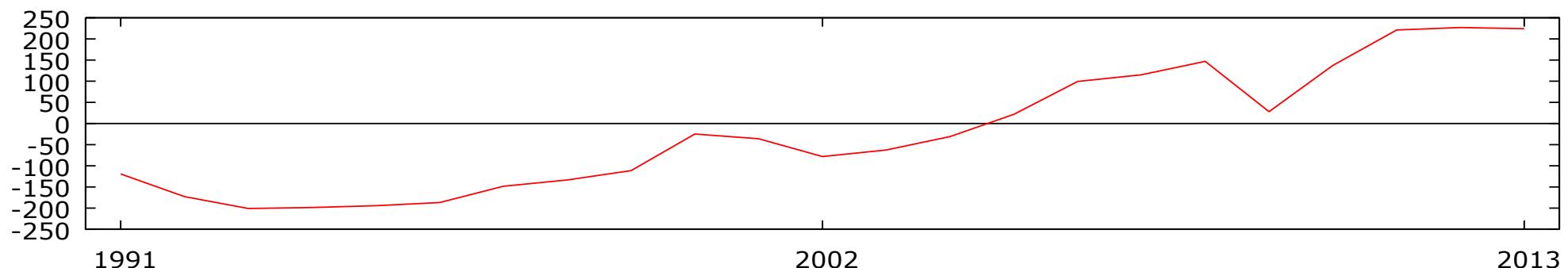
### CONSUMGER



### INVESTGER



### IMPORTGER



# Model Results IV

## Comparison of Parameter Estimates

Equation and Variable	Single Equation Estimate	System Estimate
<b>CONSUMPTION FUNCTION</b>		
iINCOMEGER	0.22	0.57
DUMMY2	- 52	23.69
TIME	16.4	- 0.878
<b>INVESTMENT FUNCTION</b>		
INTERESTLTR	4818.1	4801.4
TIME	19.36	19.39
DUMMYDOTCOM	56.6	57.67
DUMMY2	- 76	- 76.1
<b>IMPORT DEMAND FUNCTION</b>		
INCOMEGER	0.7	0.31

# FORECASTING WITH MACRO-ECONOMETRIC MODELS

# FORECASTING (1)

- **State of the work**
  - Model is developed, estimated and assessed.
- **Forecasting**
  - Future development in a particular period of time
- **Problems**
  - Exogenous variables
  - Additional information: e.g. tax rules

# FORECASTING (2)

- Extension of time series for exogenous variables
  - ??
  - Time series models
- Additional information
  - Technical implementation: Add-factors: variation of intercept
  - Exoginization of variables

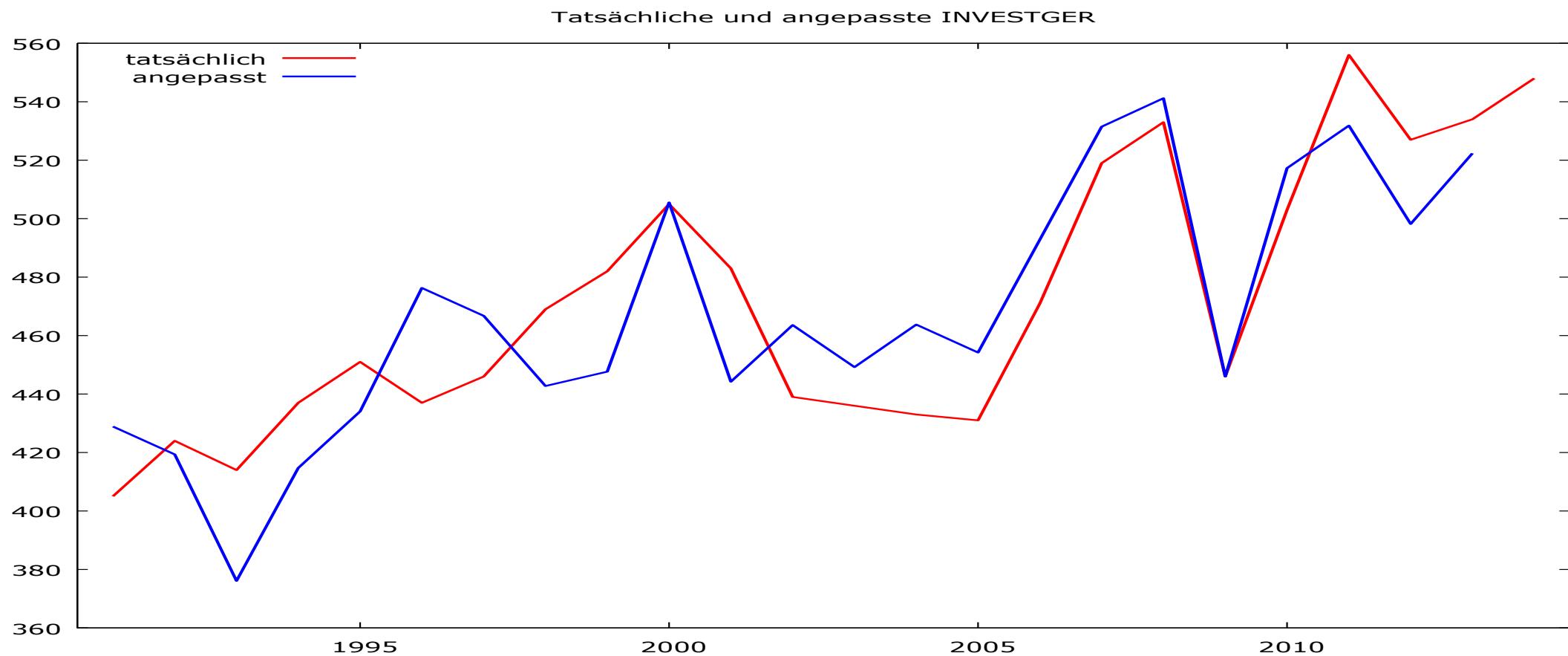
# Forecasting Exercise: Investment function

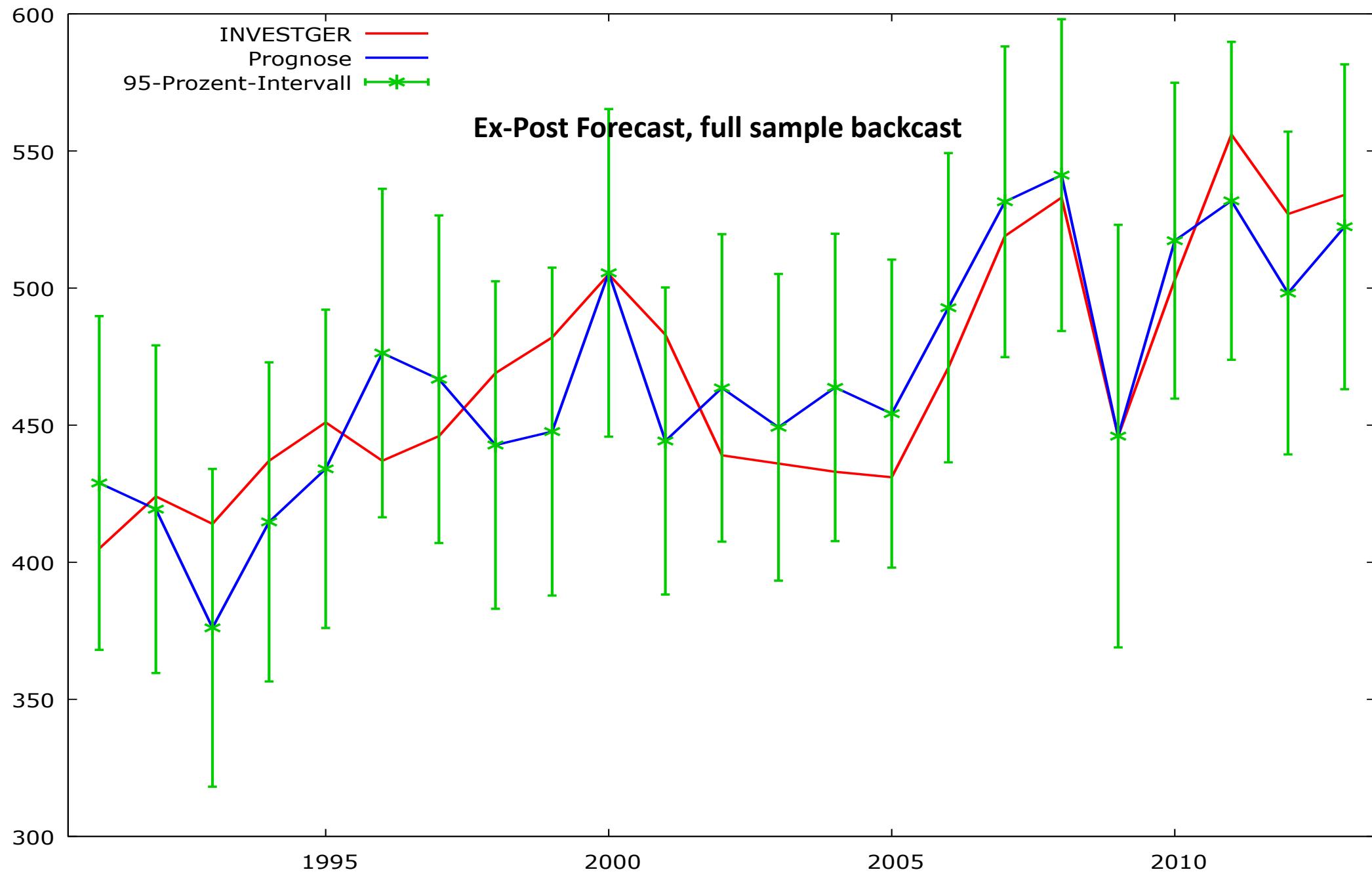
OLS, Sample 1991-2010 (T = 20)

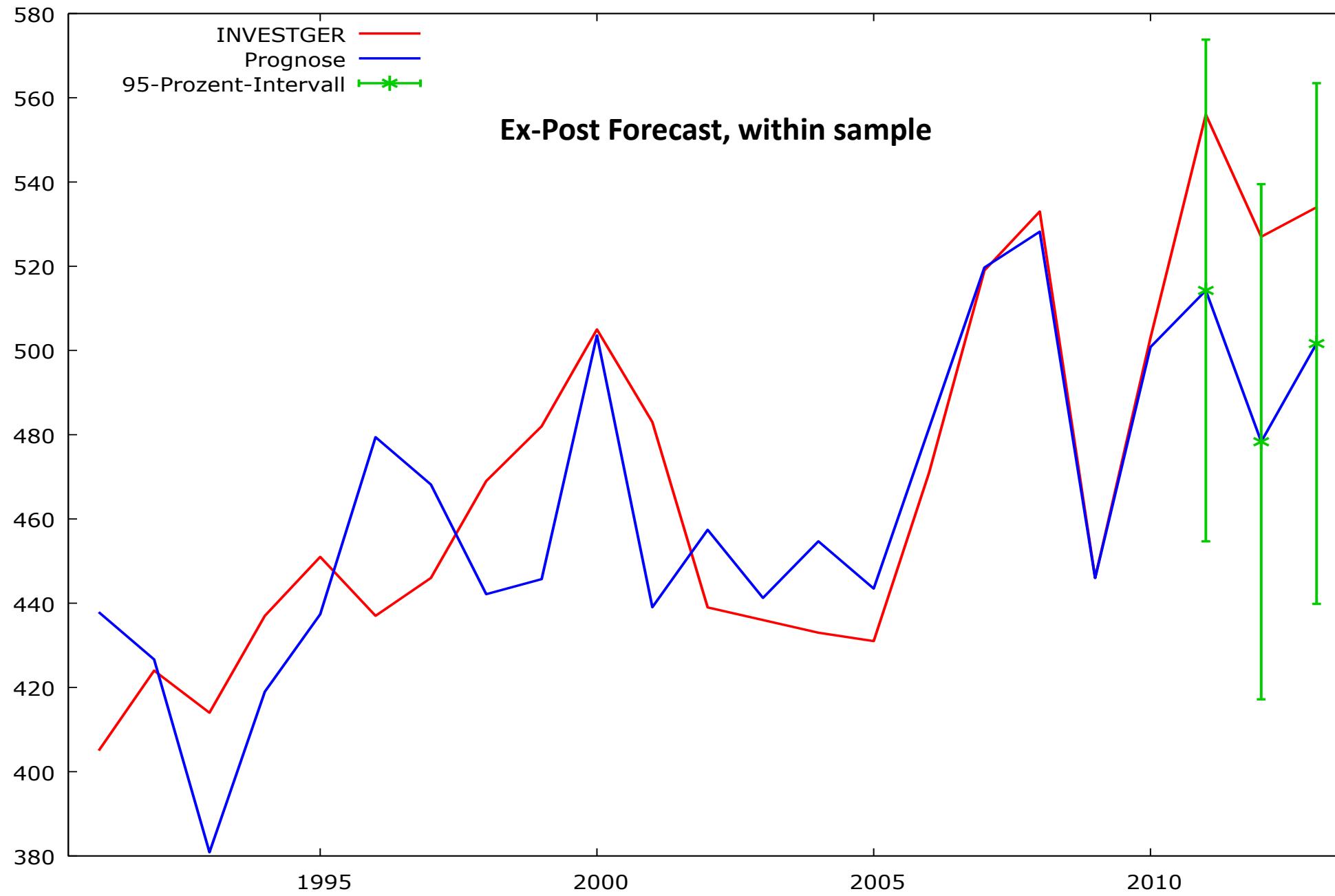
Dependent Variable: INVESTGER

	<i>Koeffizient</i>	<i>Std. Fehler</i>	<i>t-Quotient</i>	<i>p-Wert</i>	
INTERESTLTGER	4935,3	161,737	30,5144	<0,0001	***
time	18,3775	0,711892	25,8151	<0,0001	***
Dummydotcom	58,2218	12,9719	4,4883	0,0004	***
Dummy2	-61,1027	27,361	-2,2332	0,0402	**
Mittel d. abh. Var.	458,2000		Stdabw. d. abh. Var.	35,82795	
Summe d. quad. Res.	10093,41		Stdfehler d. Regress.	25,11650	
<b>R-Quadrat</b>	0,997610		<b>Korrigiertes R-Quadrat</b>	0,997162	
F(4, 16)	1669,699		P-Wert(F)	9,56e-21	
Log-Likelihood	-90,61783		Akaike-Kriterium	189,2357	
Schwarz-Kriterium	193,2186		Hannan-Quinn-Kriterium	190,0132	
rho	0,149247		Durbin-Watson-Stat	1,594074	

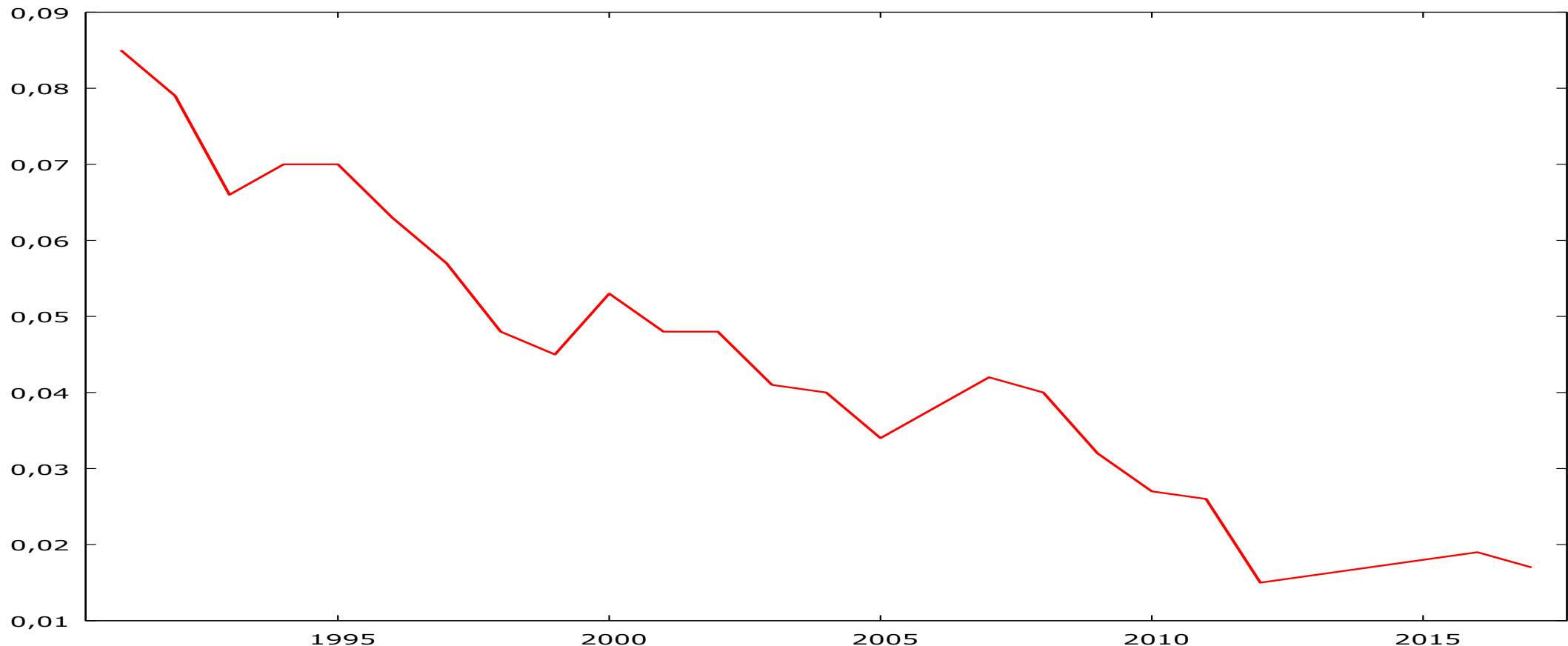
# Goodness of fit: Investment Function

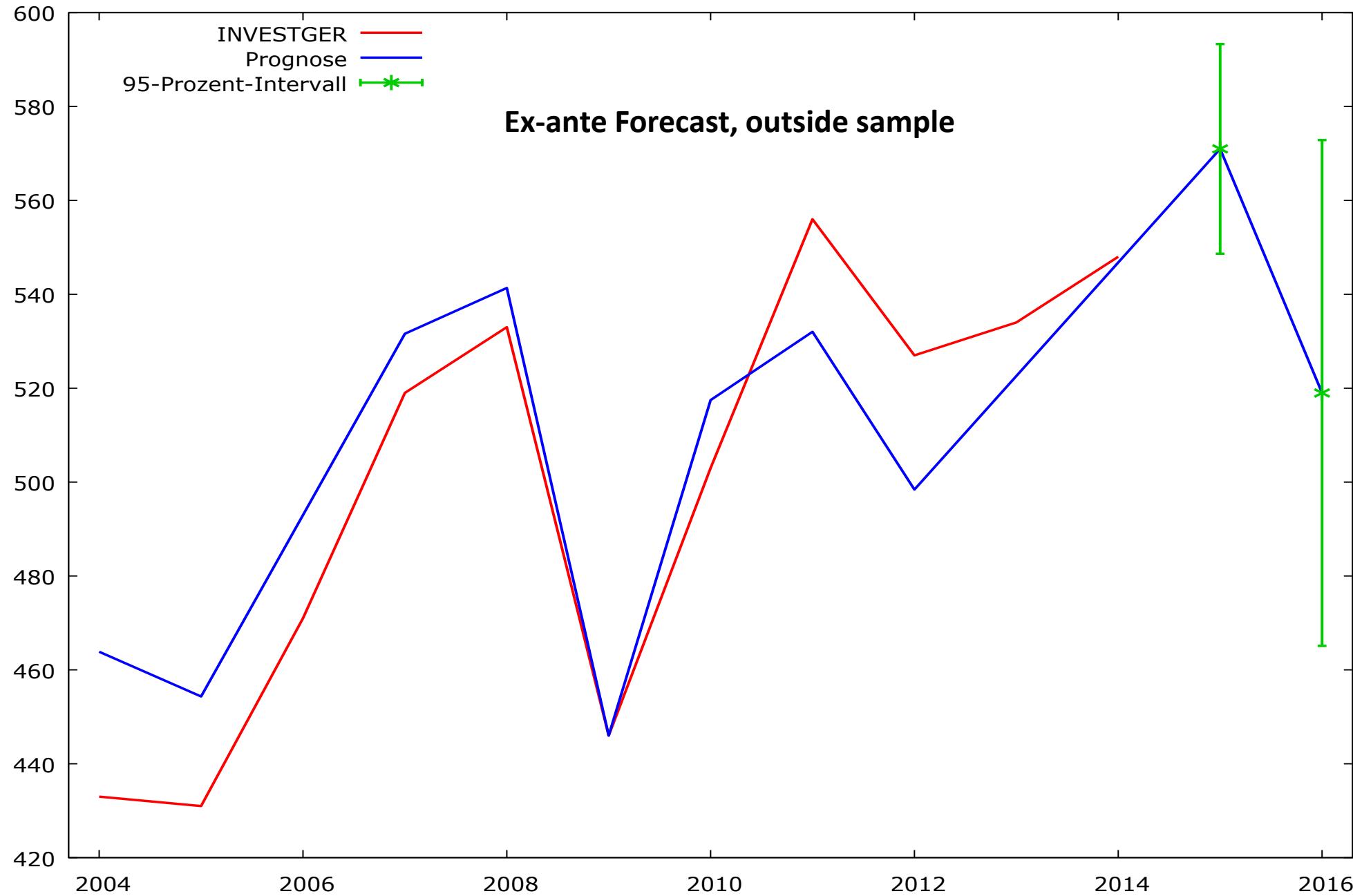






# Long term Interest Rates, Germany, Arbitrarily Expanded Time Series





# POLICY SIMULATION WITH MACRO-ECONOMETRIC MODELS

# INTRODUCTION TO SIMULATION (1)

- **Purpose**
  - Analysis of exogenous shocks
  - Analysis of policies
- **Types of Simulation**
  - Ex-post or ex-ante
  - Static or dynamic
  - Testing of alternative hypothesis
  - Forecasting simulation

# INTRODUCTION TO SIMULATION (2)

- **Ex-post or ex-ante**
  - Ex-post: Assessment of model; quality of forecasts
  - Ex-ante: Forecasting simulation, comparison of alternative assumptions about the development of exogenous variables
- **Static or dynamic**
  - Static Testing of alternative hypothesis: The relevance of theoretical considerations (policy debates) for the economic development

# STRUCTURE OF MACRO-ECONOMETRIC MODELS

# CORE ELEMENTS OF A MACRO ECONOMETRIC MODEL (1)

1. Demographic block
  - Population; size, age structure, gender composition
  - Usually exogenous
2. Central economic blocks  
Expenditure block: GDP, consumption, investment,
3. Production block
  - Production function
  - Factor demand
  - Inter-industry flows (input-output model)

# CORE ELEMENTS OF A MACRO ECONOMETRIC MODEL (2)

## 4. Income block

- Distribution of income
- Wages and prices
- Labour market

## 5. Government-fiscal policy block

- Expenditure on consumption, investment and transfer payments
- Taxation
- Social security

# CORE ELEMENTS OF A MACRO ECONOMETRIC MODEL (3)

## 6. Central bank monetary policy block

- Money supply,
- Interest rates
- Transmission mechanism

## 7. Asset structure

- Flow of funds and wealth accumulation

## 8. External block

- Balance of payment
- Exchange rate
- Capital account
- External exogenous link, World trade

# PRACTICAL PROBLEMS: DATA COLLECTION, UP-DATING, STAFFING OF PROJECT TEAM

# DATA COLLECTION

- **CATEGORIES**
  - National accounts
  - Financial market data
  - Labour market
  - Demographic data
  - Government expenditures
  - ...
- 
- **RECOMMENDATION**
  - **Outsourcing of data collection and compilation of data base**

# STAFFING

- **CATEGORIES**
- Economists
- Mathematicians with statistical and econometric specialisation
- IT-specialist s

## RECOMMENDATION

- Form a sufficiently large group with staff from different scientific profiles

# IT EQUIPMENT

- **SOFTWARE**
- **Econometric software**
- **E.g. EViews**
- **HARDWARE**
- **Laptop or desktop computer, but capacity of processor matters for simulation.**

Q & A



Thank you very much!  
Vielen Dank!



Gesellschaft für  
Versicherungswissenschaft  
und -gestaltung e.V.

